

# **Speakers & Amps**

Why are Sound Systems so Challenging in Churches?

### **Loudspeaker Design Fundamentals:**

Dispersion & Pattern Control

Frequency Response

**Power Handling** 

Reliability



# **Speakers & Amps**

Why are Sound Systems so Challenging in Churches?

#### **Dispersion & Pattern Control**

We focus the acoustic energy of the speaker at the people.

Can only control the high-frequency dispersion (HF).

This will excite the diffuse field less, reducing reverberance.



# **Speakers & Amps**

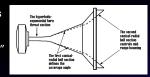
Why are Sound Systems so Challenging in Churches?

#### **Dispersion & Pattern Control**

### **Horn-loaded Loudspeakers**

We use the speaker's horn to control

dispersion; this "acoustic lens" restricts the projection of the sound.



### **Line Source Loudspeakers**

Use line length to control vertical dispersion.



# **Speakers & Amps**

Why are Sound Systems so Challenging in Churches?

#### **Frequency Response**

Smooth reproduction of sound across all frequencies

Don't ask questions of a speaker that it cannot answer: Big speakers go low = bass

Woofers and Tweeters - getting separation



## **Speakers & Amps**

Why are Sound Systems so Challenging in Churches?

### **Power Handling**

How much volume can we get out of the speaker system? Maximum dB SPL capability.

Maintaining dynamic headroom of the speaker

Amplifiers and Processing to protect and limit



## **Speakers & Amps**

Why are Sound Systems so Challenging in Churches?

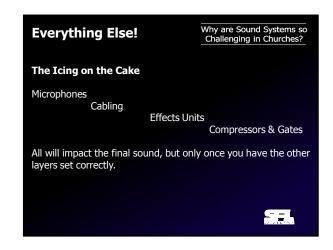
### Reliability

Not prone to failure!

Mechanical Tolerance:

- Voice Coil Temperature
- Cone Excursion
- Cabinet Structure





Final Thoughts

Why are Sound Systems so Challenging in Churches?

Don't Forget The People

You might have the best system money can buy, but you can only amplify a great source (musician).

If the singing is out of tune, then you can do nothing technically.

The equipment is only responsible for 50% of the overall sound quality. The Engineer accounts for the other half.

